## A Description of Impostor Phenomenon in Certified Registered Nurse Anesthesiologists

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#### **Disclosure Statement**

## Conflict of Interest Disclosure Statement Jeffrey R Darna, PhD, DNP, CRNA, ACNP-BC, FAANA

- I have no financial relationships with any commercial interest related to the content of this activity.
- I will not discuss off-label use during my presentation

#### **Learner Outcomes**

At the conclusion of the presentation, the learner will be able to:

- Identify and describe Impostor Phenomenon in Certified Registered Nurse Anesthesiologists
- 2. Explain how Impostor Phenomenon may influence clinical practice, leadership opportunities, and individual wellbeing.
- 3. Discuss strategies to manage Impostor Phenomenon tendencies in themselves and the nurse anesthesia profession.

#### **Research Team**



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Impostor Phenomenon is the self-perception of intellectual phoniness and professional ineptitude despite clear evidence of success often experienced by high-achieving individuals that results in avoidance behavior, professional under-development, and psychological distress.

Feel like a fake
Discount praise
Attribute success to luck or an error

## **Impostor Phenomenon Origins**



Pauline Clance

- Clance & Imes (1978)
- Georgia State
- Feminism Movement, Second Wave
- Published Case Series
- Psychotherapy with 150 women
  - Accomplished professionals
  - Women self-identified as frauds



Suzanne Imes

Photo Source: https://www.psychologytoday.com/

## Clance & Imes: Main Findings

IP behavior emerges from common societal expectations, e.g., girls cannot perform math

Impostors use maladaptive behaviors to conceal their perceived intellectual inadequacy

Persistent fear of being discovered as an intellectual fraud

Avoided conflict or expressing contrasting viewpoints because of fear of being perceived as unintelligent

Using charm & insightfulness to obtain support

Avoiding adverse societal effects that occur when women express confidence

## **Literature Synthesis**

45 Years & 350 **Research Studies** 

#### **Prevalence**

9 to 82% across multiple, peerreviewed professions

#### **Correlations**

with Racism, Identity, & **Survivor Guilt** 

#### **Inverse** Relationship

with Age & **Professional** Experience

#### **Gender IP Prevalence**

Women = Men

### **Gender IP** Intensity

Women ≠ Men

#### Nursing **Prevalence**

74.6% CNS 46.6% Physicians

#### **Associated Conditions**

- Psychological distress
- Anxiety
- Depression
- Low self-esteem

#### Cross-

sectional Correlational **Study Designs** Measuring IP in a **Specific Population** 

#### **Some Considerations**

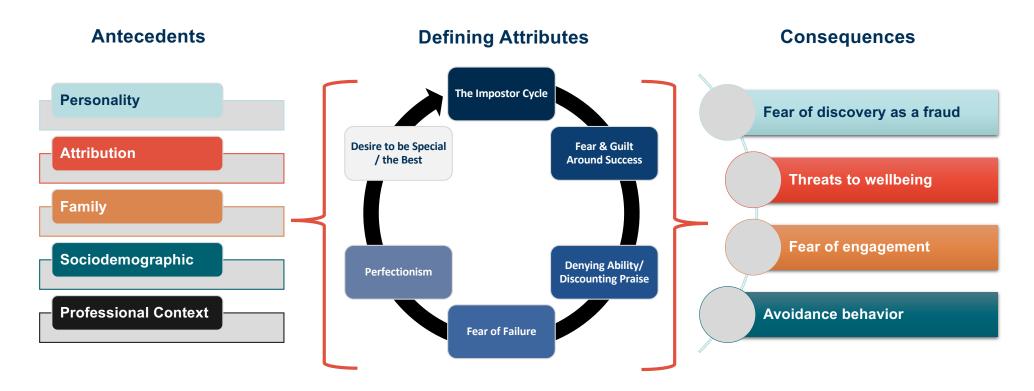
Not an official psychological disorder

No standardized diagnostic criteria

No EBP guidelines

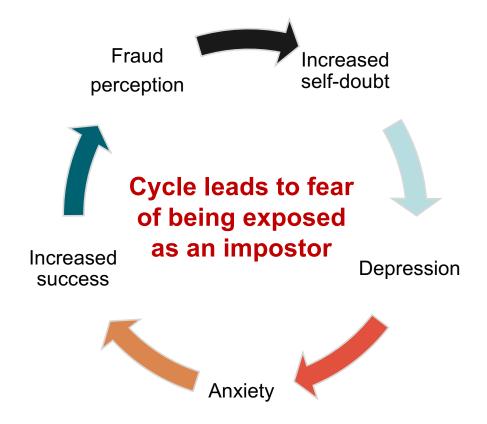
Evolving, multidimensional construct

## **IP Concept Relationship**



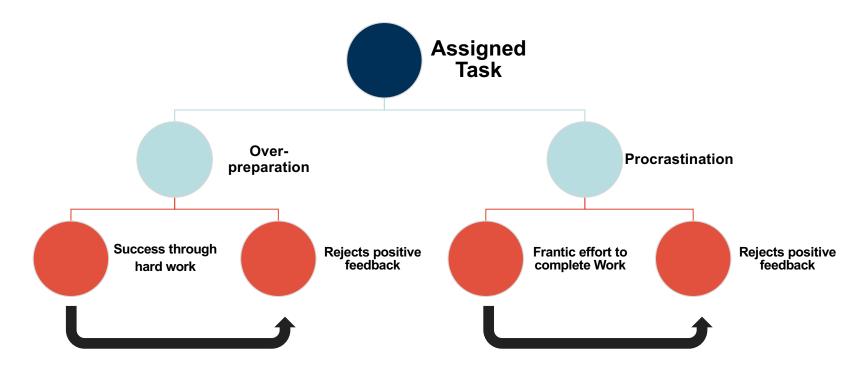
Source: Clance, 1985

## **The Impostor Cycle**



Source: Clance, 1985

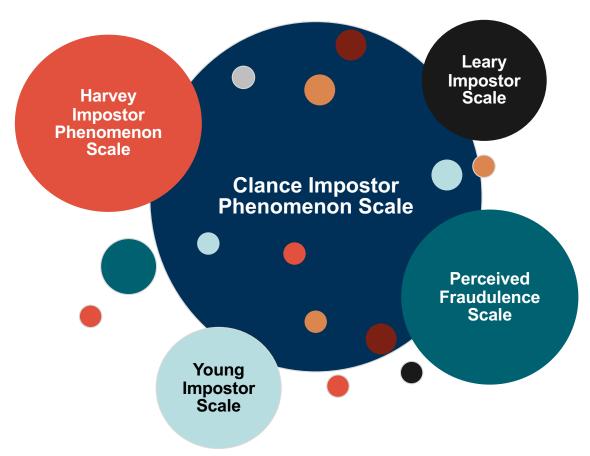
## **IP Induced Pathway**



## **Select Career-related Effects of IP**

Excessive & Compulsive Work	Group Micromanaging	No Independent Practice	Professional Sub-Optimization
Burnout	Evading Leadership Roles	ACT Member Underutilization	Career Dissatisfaction

## **Measuring Impostorism**



### CIPS Instrument (Most Frequently Used)

20 item, self-administered psychometric instrument

5-point Likert scale response

Measures IP presence and frequency

Score range 20 to 100

- Clance (1985) 40 indicates IP
- Holmes et al. (1993) 62 (based on 1 FP/0 FN)
- Cozzarelli & Major (1990) median split score
  - 65 (positive IP) and 48 (negative IP)

Cronbach's alpha ranged from 0.85 to 0.96

Three subscales:

fake (.84), discount (.79), & luck (.70)

Sufficient content validity

Uncertain construct validity

- Chrisman (1995) EFA (assumed perfect reliability)
- French et al (2008) CFA (high interconnectedness)
  - LuckFake = 0.79
  - LuckDiscount = 0.77
  - DiscountFake = 0.97

Total CIPS score recommended for diagnosis

#### Are CRNAs at Risk for IP?

- Intellectual
- Skilled profession
- Advanced education & training
- High achievers
- Peer reviewed
- Evaluated on outcomes
- Societal expectations
- Inter-professional messaging



Photo Source: http://clipart-library.com/

## **IP Self-Measurement**



## Measure Your IP Tendencies — Voluntary Assessment

1. QR Code



2. Copy to a Browser

https://usc.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV eVxfQKD8OAb0BbU

3.

Limited paper surveys for in-person attendees

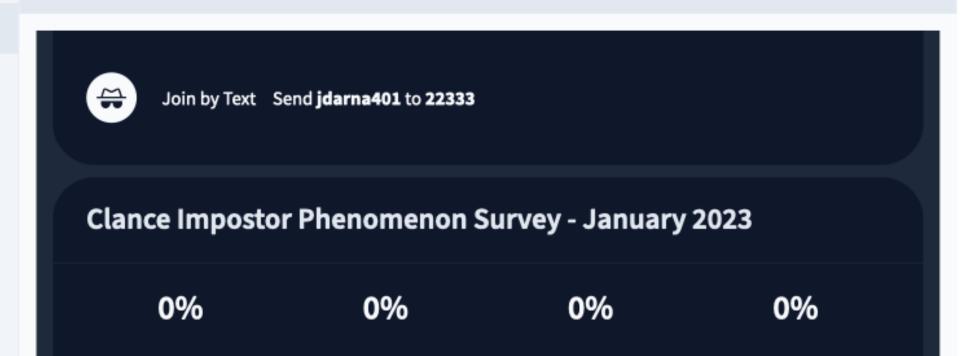
At the END of the Survey - Note Your TOTAL Score





Activities

(A)



(C)

(R)

☼ Visual settings

(D)

## **CIPS Scoring**

CIPS Score Range	Impostor Tendency	
20 to 40	Few IP Feelings	
41 to 60 (indicates clinically-relevant IP)	Moderate IP Feelings	
61 to 80	Frequent IP Feelings	
81 to 100	Intense IP Feelings	

## **IP Management Suggestions**

Name it	<ul> <li>Place a name on the feeling; keeps it in context</li> <li>Reflect on whether the feeling is justified</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Mentorship</li> </ul>	Find a peer mentor and seek objective feedback
<ul> <li>Consider your strengths</li> </ul>	Maintain a list of accomplishments
No one is perfect	<ul><li>Be willing to be uncomfortable</li><li>Mistakes are inevitable</li></ul>
Change your thinking	<ul> <li>Be aware of negative self-talk – it has no value</li> <li>Choose a different script</li> </ul>
Keep learning	<ul><li>Be honest with what you do not know</li><li>Ask for help</li></ul>
Just do it – "Shipping"	<ul> <li>Get comfortable with being uncomfortable</li> <li>Mindfully work through your concerns</li> </ul>

## National Research Data

A Description of Impostor Phenomenon in Certified Registered Nurse Anesthesiologists



## **Primary Research Question**

What is the prevalence and intensity of impostor phenomenon in certified registered nurse anesthesiologists?

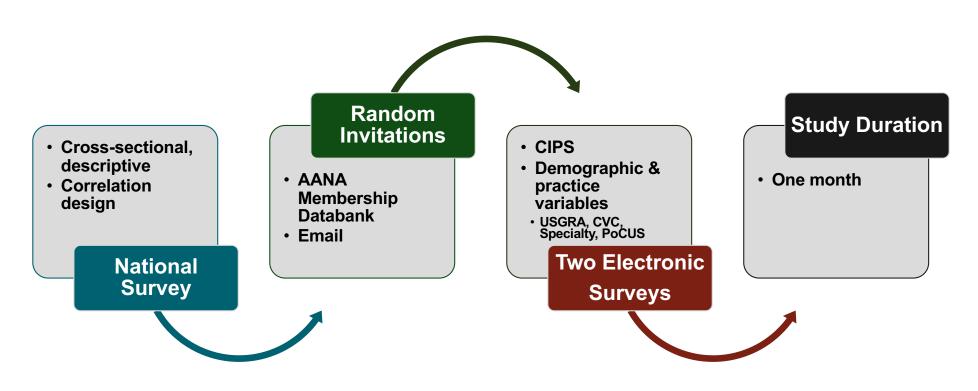
## **Study Aims**

**Primary aim:** to describe select sociodemographic variables, anesthesia practice model, CRNA practice behaviors, and impostor phenomenon in a random sample of CRNAs.

**Secondary aim one:** to describe **the relationship** between select sociodemographic variables, anesthesia practice model, CRNA practice behaviors, and IP in a random sample of CRNAs.

**Secondary aim two:** to describe **the variance in IP** accounted for by select sociodemographic variables, anesthesia practice model, and CRNA practice behaviors in a random sample of CRNAs.

#### **Methods**



## **Participant Recruitment**

348
Participants
Desired

3000 Random Email Invitations

1 Month
Recruitment Period

with a Reminder

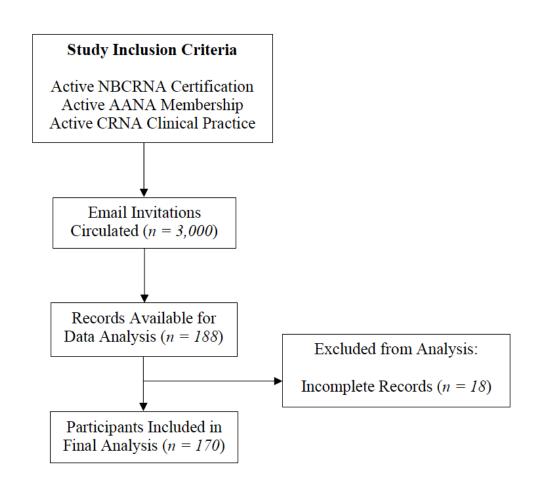
No Request for Exemption to Invitation Cap

Set Inclusion & Exclusion Criteria

48.9% of the *a priori* calculation

5.7% Response Rate

# Participants Included in Final Analysis

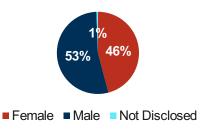


## **Sample Characteristics**

#### Mean Age

**51.5 Years** 

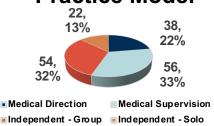
#### **Gender Identity**



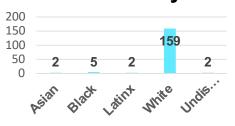
#### **Mean Practice Years**

18.3 Years

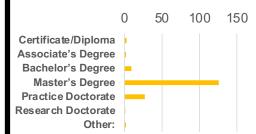
#### **Practice Model**



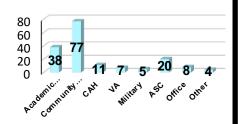
#### Race/Ethnicity



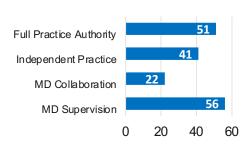
#### **Education Level**



#### **Practice Setting**



#### **State Scope**



## Sample vs 2021 AANA Membership Data

	p value		
Age	.001		
Gender	.048		
Race/Ethnicity	.025		
Years of Practice	< .001		

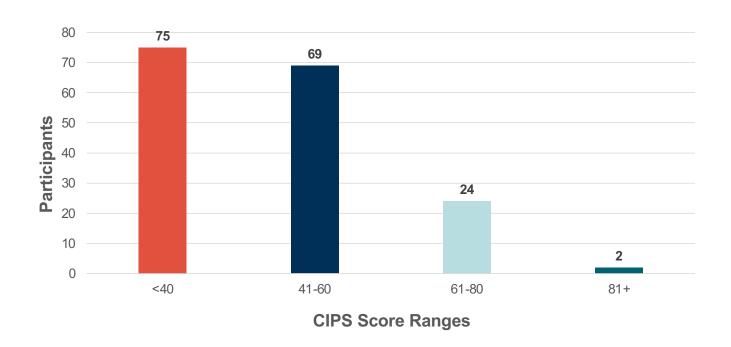
Note. Chi-square Goodness-of-Fit test

## **Primary Aim**

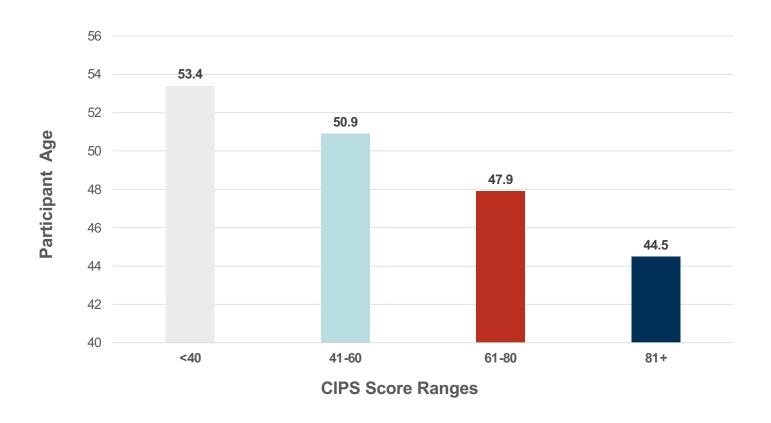
55.9% Prevalence

44.6 Mean CIPS Score

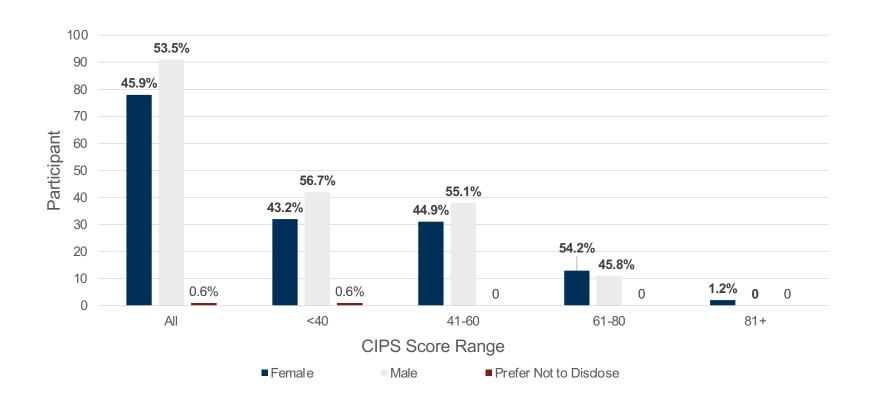
### **CIPS Score Distribution**



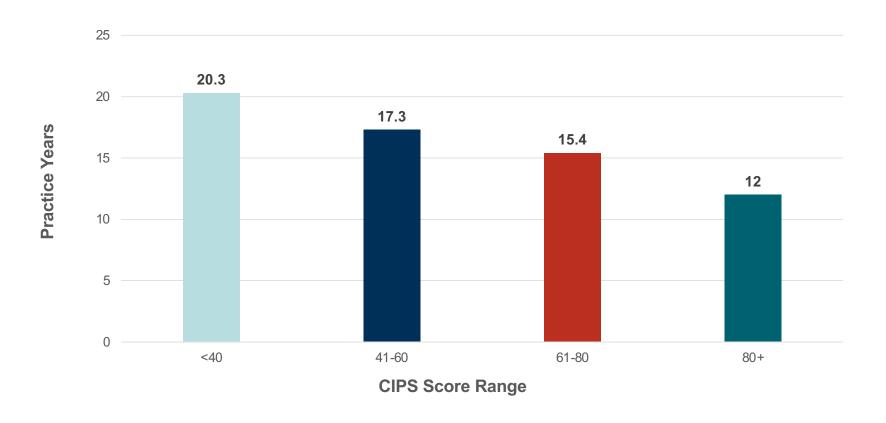
## **CIPS Score Ranges by Mean Age**



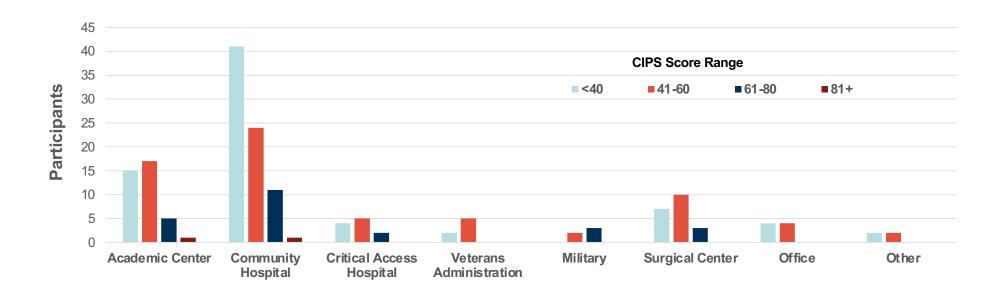
## **CIPS Scores by Gender Identity**



## **CIPS Scores by Mean Practice Years**



## **CIPS Scores by Practice Setting**



## **Secondary Aim 1**

CIPS Score Arrangement	3 Categories p value	≤40 vs >40 p value	≤60 vs >60 p value
Gender Identity (Male/Female) (n = 169)	.430	.503	.199
Race/Ethnicity (5 Categories)	.538 <sup>A</sup>	.045 <sup>A</sup>	>.999 <sup>A</sup>
Race/Ethnicity (Non-Hispanic White/Other)	.044 <sup>A</sup>	.012 <sup>A</sup>	.219 <sup>A</sup>
Education Level (7 Categories)	.234 <sup>A</sup>	.179 <sup>A</sup>	.410 <sup>A</sup>
Age (Continuous)	.041 <sup>B</sup>	.033 <sup>c</sup>	.039 <sup>c</sup>
Years of Practice (Continuous)	.018 <sup>D</sup>	.012 <sup>E</sup>	.031 <sup>E</sup>
Anesthesia Model (4 Categories)	.571	.383	.491
Anesthesia Practice Setting (8 Categories)	.265 <sup>A</sup>	.277 <sup>A</sup>	.259 <sup>A</sup>
State Scope of Practice (4 Categories)	.237	.106	.347
Regional Anesthesia Frequency (6 Categories) (n = 142)	.473^	.553 <sup>A</sup>	.303^
Central Line Placements (6 Categories) (n = 139)	.892 <sup>A</sup>	.921 <sup>A</sup>	.721 <sup>A</sup>
PoCUS Frequency (6 categories) (n = 123)	.622 <sup>A</sup>	.757 <sup>A</sup>	.368 <sup>A</sup>
Anesthesia Planning & Decision-Making Frequency (6 Categories) (n = 169)	.841^	.720	.508 <sup>A</sup>
Anesthesia Specialty Practice/Focus (3 Categories) (n = 27)	.360^	.494 <sup>A</sup>	.134^

## **Secondary Aim 2**

Multivariate analyses were NOT performed Significant bivariate relationships were not found between CIPS scores and the independent variables

## **Discussion: Primary Aim**

#### Sample Characteristics

- Age
- Gender
- Race/Ethnicity
- Education
- Practice Years
- Primary Practice Setting

Prevalence

Impostor Phenomenon Intensity

## **Discussion: Secondary Aim 1**

Race & Ethnicity

Age

**Practice Years** 

## **Implications**



#### **Limitations**

Research Design

Sample

- Size, underpowered
- Homogeneity
- Non-representative of AANA membership

Different independent variables

## **Research Summary & Conclusion**

- IP has resurged in the professional literature
- IP is an evolving, multidimensional construct
- Firm diagnostic criteria & treatment remain elusive
  - The CIPS instrument is reliable and validated
- IP is prevalent in CRNAs and may manifest in CRNAs differently
- IP may impede role optimization, career advancement, & threaten wellbeing.
- More research needed to elucidate IP dimensionality in CRNAs, possibly with different variables

## **Closing Thoughts**

You are real.

You are valued.

You deserve the accolades & praise.



CRNA focused. CRNA inspired.